वर्ष	केन्द्रीय आबंटन (रु० लाख में)	श्रम दिवस कुल	सृजित (लाख श्रम दिवस) अनुसूचित जाति%	
1994-95	1359.41	24.36	19.76	81.1
1995-96	1575.94	6.44	1.66	25.8

पिछड़ी जाति के लिए अलग से लक्ष्य निर्धारित नहीं है।

ग्रामीण विकास कार्यक्रम के अंतर्गत आतंक से पीड़ित महिलाओं की कवरेज के लिए कोई विशिष्ट लक्ष्य निर्धारित नहीं किया गया है। तथापि, महिलाओं की कवरेज के लिए विभिन्न कार्यक्रमों के अंतर्गत विशेष सुरक्षा-प्रबंध किए गए हैं। उदाहरण हेतु समन्वित ग्रामीण विकास कार्यक्रमों के अंतर्गत लाभार्थियों का 40 प्रतिशत महिलाएं होंगी जबकि जवाहर रोजगार योजना के अंतर्गत महिलाओं का अंश 30% है।

Raising Loan By PFC

3804. DR. D. VENKATESHWAR RAO: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether the power Finance Corporation has sought approvai from the Ministry of Finance for raising $ one billion as loan from the World Bank and ADB;

(b) if so, whether the PFC has also sought Govrenment's approval for raising Rs. 25 Crores through tax free bonds and also through external commercial borrowings;

(c) whether Government have approved the proposals; and

(d) if so, what are the projects that would be undertaken by the loans?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES (DR. S. VENUGOPALACHARI): (a) The preliminary proposals received from Power Finance Corporation (PFC) for raising US$ 500 Million each from the World Bank ADB as loan have been recommended to the Ministry of Finance for taking up with the World Bank and ADB.

(b) and (c) A proposal for raising Rs. 250 crores as tax-free bonds was received from PFC. Against this, an amount of Rs. 200 crores has been allocated to Power Finance Corporation as tax-free bonds for the year 1996-97. PFC had also proposed initially for in principle approval for raising US$ 50 Million as Syndicated loan through external commercial borrowings which was approved by Government. Based on this, PFC has now proposed for raising US$ 75 Million as Syndicated Loan through external commercial borrowing as a first tranche which is under consideration of Government.

(d) The focus of the new loan would be on re-lending to Power Utilities in the reform oriented States in the context of the reform/restructuring process started in few States and, in particular, would cover the immediate requirements of project financing in the interim period between initiating the reform process and implementing the same. The raising of tax-free bonds would augment the long-term resources of the Corporation to meet the disbursement schedule besides its requirement of meeting debenture redemption liability due in the next two years.

LPG Connections out of Minister's Discretionary Quata

3805. SHRI SHIV CHARAN SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that annual release of LPG connections to public is restricted to about 20 lakhs;

(b) if so, the details of out-of-turn allotment of LPG connections made by the Minister of Petroleum and Natural

Gas during 1994-95 and 1995-96 out of his discretionary quota; and

(c) whether the same was in addition to those given to the MPs, as per prescribed privilege-coupons?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (T.R. BAALU): (a) The annual enrolment target for release of new connections through the Public Sector Oil Companies is determined every year depending on the availability of LPG. The target for release of new LPG connections during 1996-97 is 20 lakhs.

(b) Number of LPG connections issued by Minister of State in the Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas during the calendar years 1994, 1995 and 1996 (upto 31.7.1996) is given below:

1994	.....	75,747
1995	.....	106,802
1996	.....	65,038

(c) yes, Sir.

Registrants for MIG Category Under New Pattern Registration Scheme, 1979.

3806. SHRIMATI ANANDIBEN JETHABHAI PATEL: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of registrants of MIG category under the New Pattern Registration Scheme, 1979 in DDA, originally;

(b) the number out of a total, of the registrants who have not been given allotment of flats, so far;

(c) by when DDA propose to offer MIG flats to all the registrants under NPRS-79;

(d) whether it is a fact that the cost of these MIG flats is very high, in comparison to income of middle income group persons; if so, the details in this regard; and

(e) what steps Government propose to take to reduce the cost of flats so that those persons may deposit instalment of flats easily?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS & EMPLOYMENT (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) The DDA has reported that 47,521 persons were registered for MIG category under the New Pattern Registration Scheme 1979.

(b) 12,919 registrants are yet to be allotted flats.

(c) The DDA expects to allot the flats to all the wait-listed registrants in a period of about two years subject to availability of land and infrastructural facilities.

(d) and (e) The costing of DDA flats is done on no-profit-no-loss basis. The prices of DDA flats have gone up because of escalation in the cost of building materials, wages etc. Nevertheless, DDA has taken the following steps to contain the cost of its flats:—

(i) Interest rate being charged earlier @ 17% has been reduced to 15% on capital invested during construction.

(ii) Interest on capital investment which was being charged for 20 months has been reduced to 15 months for flats upto Double Storey & to 18 months flats beyond Double Storey.

(iii) One time discount has been introduced for flats in far-flung/outlying areas (Like Narela & Rohini Phase III) at the rate of Rs. 100/- per sqm. of the plinth area of the flat.

(iv) In respect of Ground Floor flats, EWS charges being levied@ 5.5% have been dispensed with and to provide relief to upper storey flats, floor equalisation charges have been introduced. 4.5.% per sqm. for ground floor is to be added by giving discount of 1%, 1.5% and 2% for Ist, 2nd and 3rd floor respectively, which results in reduction of cost ranging from Rs. 15,000/- to Rs. 20,000/- for MIG & Rs. 6,000/- to 8,000/- for LIG flats.